

# **Evaluating Social Movement Power: Concepts and Indicators**

**Social Movement Learning Project** 

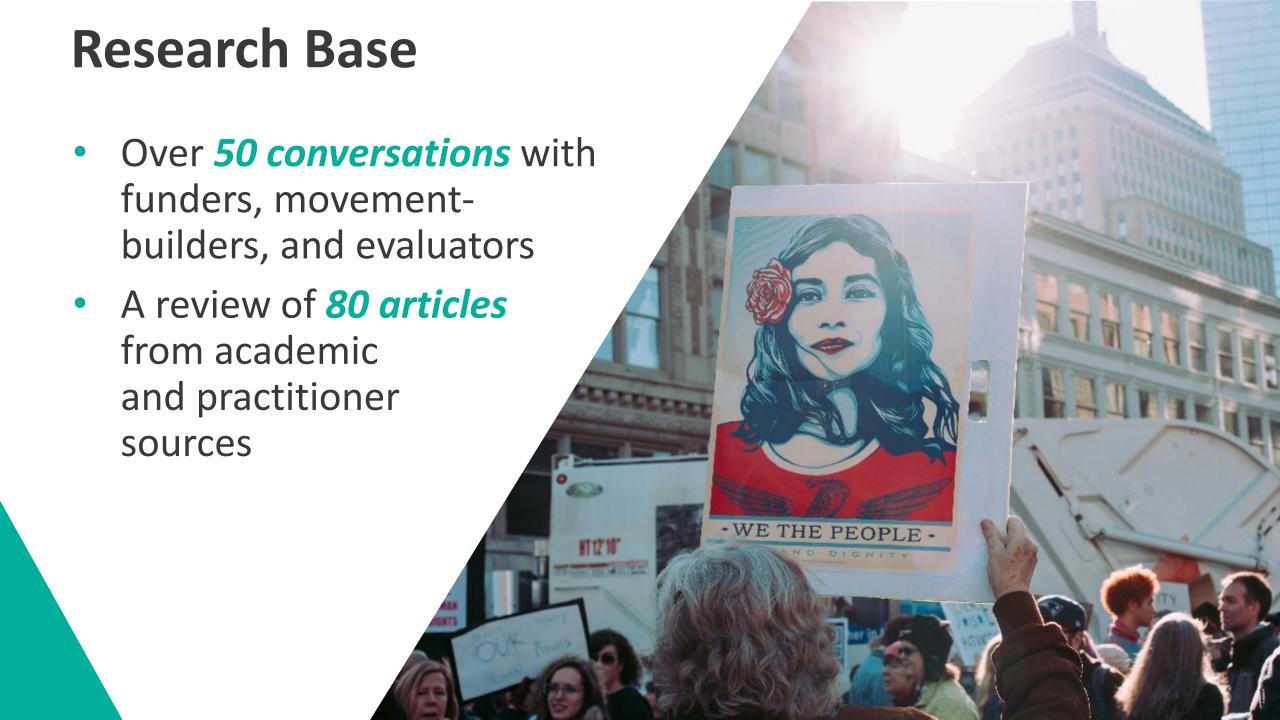
**Human Rights Funders Network March 13, 2019** 

### **Innovation Network**

Innovation Network is a nonprofit evaluation, research, and consulting firm. We provide knowledge and expertise to help nonprofits and funders learn from their work to improve their results.

- **Us, in a nutshell**. We seek to make evaluation accessible to everyone in the social sector by being a friendly expert, collaborating, sharing ideas, and building knowledge and practice.
- We are committed to social good. We contribute to social good through use-driven, actionable, high-quality research and evaluation that leads to improved programs and policies.





### What do funders need?



**Better movement literacy** to help them gain clarity about how movements are distinct from other types of social change and to understand the range of actors, strategies, and tactics that are typically deployed during the different stages of a movement.

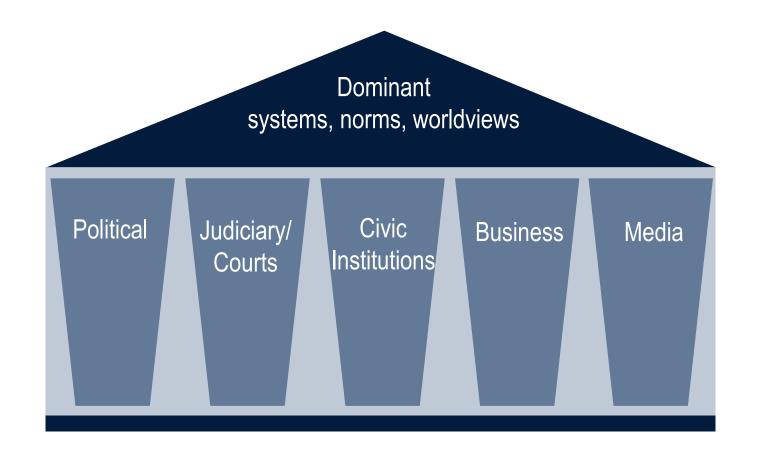


**Information about the spectrum of opportunities to support movements, and tools and metrics** to help them plan, identify, and justify support for a wider range of movement strategies.



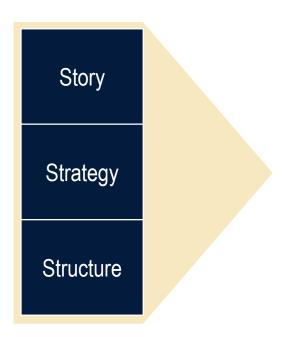
A new frame and measures to assess the success and progress of movement activity to help them justify and maintain long-term support to social movements.

Movements seek to topple, transform, and/or absorb the institutional, cultural, and social pillars that prop up the status quo.



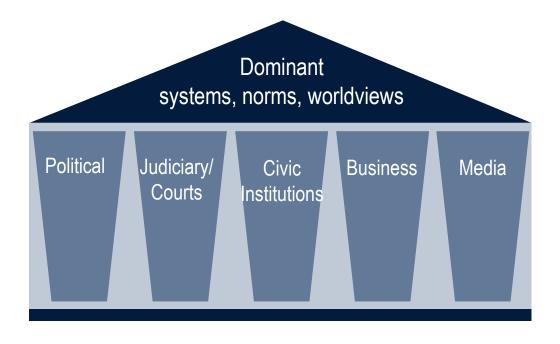
### **Movement Capacity**

**Laying the foundation** for a healthy movement.



#### **Movement Vision**

**Toppling, transforming,** and/or **absorbing** the institutional, cultural, and social pillars that prop up the status quo.



# **Evaluating Movement Power-Building**

### **Movement Capacity**.

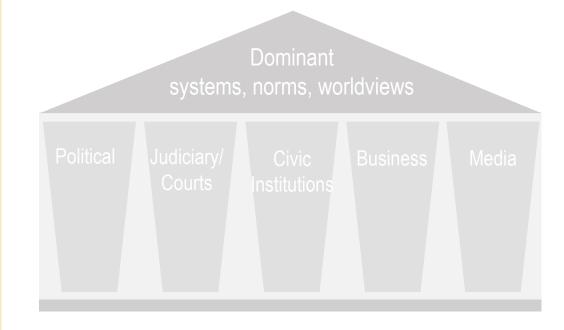
Story

Strategy

Structure

- 1. How do we know if movements are *translating* story, strategy, and structure into power for the movement?
- 2. How do we know if movements are *making* progress toward toppling or transforming the pillars?
- 3. What *types of power* do movements need to influence the pillars?

## **Movement Vision**



#### What is it?

Evaluation framework and indicators for understanding and assessing how social movements build power.

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#### How could I use it?

- To evaluate the power-building of a grantee portfolio or grouping of movement actors.
- To reflect on and better understand how movements build power to make change.
- As a source of ideas for metrics and types of information to collect.

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- Whole movement.
- Network or grouping of actors within a social movement.

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#### What else should I know?

- Not for evaluating individual movement actors.
- Not for evaluating movement capacity.

# Four Types of Movement Power

Movement Capacity ->

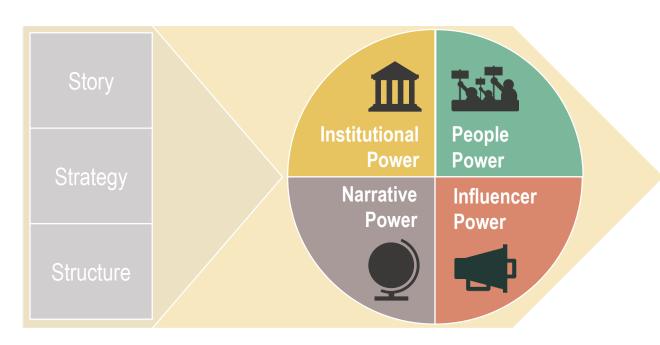
**Movement Power** 

**Movement Vision** 

Laying the foundation for a healthy movement.

Building four types of overlapping power.

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Political Judiciary/ Courts Business Media Institutions

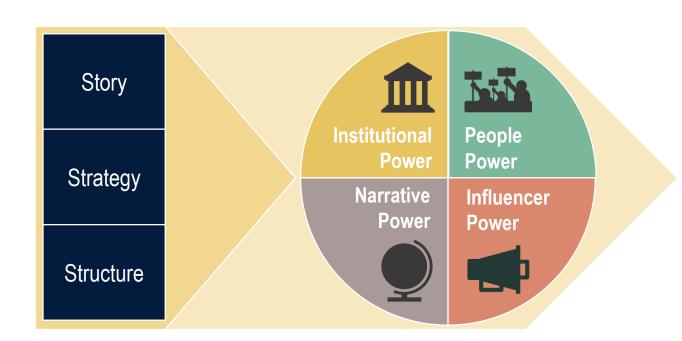
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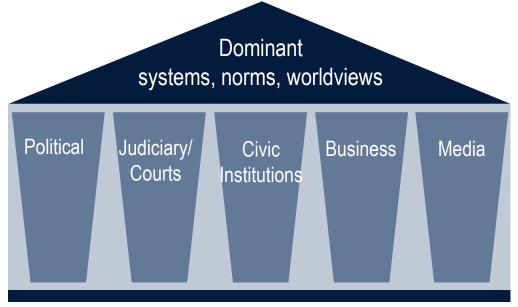
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**Visible decisionmaking**: Contests over interests that are "visibly negotiated in public spaces with established rules."\*



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#### **Indicators:**

- 1) Mutuality between movement actors and visible decisionmakers.
- 2) Decisionmaker decisions/actions are aligned with movement goals.
- 3) Movement actors and affected communities are authentically represented in decisionmaking processes, structures, tables.



**Definition:** Power to build, mobilize, and sustain large-scale **public support**.

Passive Public Support: Public is supportive of the movement cause but not taking action.\*

Active Public Support: People who are willing to take action on behalf of the movement.\*

<sup>\*</sup>Engler, Paul & Sophie Lasoff. 2017. Resistance Guide: how to sustain the movement to win.



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#### **Indicators:**

- 4) Active public support: Members of the public participate in in-person and virtual movement actions.
- 5) Active public support: Members of the public contribute financially to movement actors and actions.
- 6) Passive public support: Members of the public are supportive of movement goals.

<sup>\*</sup>Engler, Paul & Sophie Lasoff. 2017. Resistance Guide: how to sustain the movement to win.



**Definition:** Power to develop, maintain, and leverage relationships with people and institutions with influence over and access to critical **social, cultural, or financial resources**.

**Influencers** can include social and cultural influencers, e.g., business, philanthropy, nonprofits, cultural and social institutions, celebrities. *Target influencers may change depending on the movement*.



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#### **Indicators:**

- 7) Influencers contribute and leverage cultural resources in support of the movement.
- 8) Influencers contribute and leverage social resources in support of the movement.
- 9) Influencers contribute and leverage financial resources in support of the movement.



**Definition:** Ability to transform and hold **public narratives** and ideologies and limit the influence of opposing narratives.\*

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# Narrative Power

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**Public narrative:** "A story that, when told in many different ways, can shift public consciousness and change what is possible."\*

#### **Indicators:**

- 10) Issue coverage ("hits") in mainstream, ethnic, and niche media sources <u>increasingly</u> reflects worldview, framing, and/or messaging aligned with the movement\*\*
- 11) Issue coverage ("hits") in mainstream, ethnic, and niche media sources <u>decreasingly</u> reflect worldview, framing, and/or messaging in opposition to the movement
- 12) Influencers promote movement frames and messages.
- 13) Members of the public support worldview, framing and/or messaging aligned with movement goals.

<sup>\*</sup>Narrative Power and Public Narrative definition from Grassroots Policy Project.

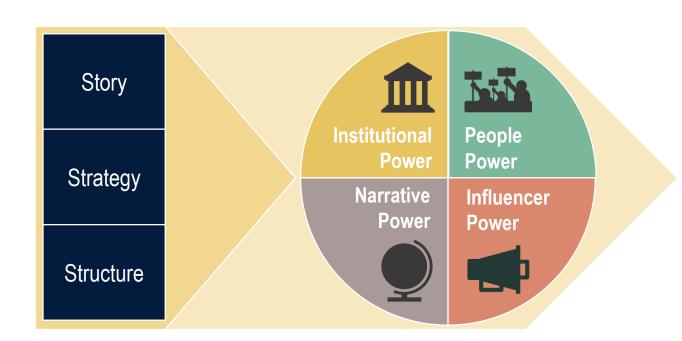
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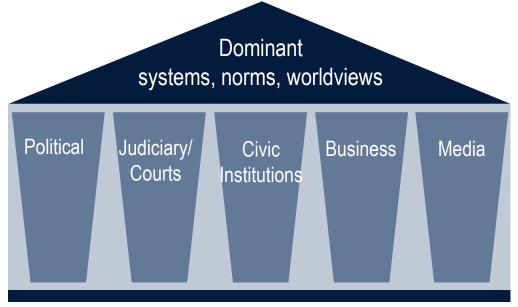
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# Join Us!

- Vet concepts and indicators
- Develop measurement approaches and examples
- Test the Power of Social Movements Framework



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